Evaluating Aspect-Oriented Modeling Approaches For Specifying Software Product Lines Requirements

Rodrigo Bonifácio¹ Maurício Alférez³ Uirá Kulesza² Leopoldo Teixeira¹ Paola Accioly¹ João Santos³ Paulo Borba¹ Ana Moreira³ João Araújo³

Informatics Center, Federal University of Pernambuco, Recife— Brazil

Computer Science Department, Federal University of Rio Grande do Norte, Natal— Brazil

Departamento de Informática, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Lisboa— Portugal

September 21, 2009



Different approaches for representing SPL variability in scenarios have been proposed.

However

existing assessments of those techniques are too informal, do not consider relevant attributes, or compare just two techniques.

This collaboration aims to

Compare different approaches...

► Textual based: PLUSS, MSVCM

Graphical based: Model Templates, VML4RE

regarding different quality attributes

- modularity
- stability
- expressiveness

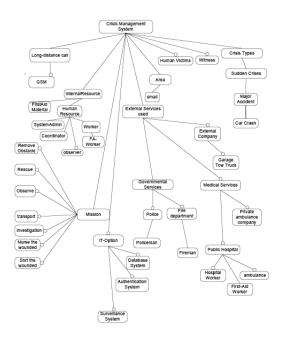
Agenda

- Study settings
- Evaluated techniques
- Criteria
- Initial results

Case study

Crisis Management Systems A Case Study for Aspect-Oriented Modeling

Jörg Kienzle¹, Nicolas Guelfi² and Sadaf Mustafiz¹



Study phases

- Specification of a base version of the CMS product line
- Evolution of the specifications, according to 4 "change requests"
- Alignment of the specifications
- Quantitative and qualitative assessments

Main constraint of the case study

You are not allowed to add new functional or non-functional requirements to the case study. On the other hand, you are allowed to correct eventual errors or clarify ambiguities in the document and the models provided you justify the need to do so.

Study change history

- ▶ V1
 - Capture witness report
 - Assign missions to internal and external resources
 - Super Observer and Rescue missions
- V2: V1 + Log details
- ▶ V3: V2 + Remove Obstacle details
- V4: V3 + Helicopter Transport details

Agenda

- Study settings
- ► Evaluated techniques
- Criteria
- Initial results

PLUSS

Scenario: Execute rescue mission.

Description: The intention of the First Aid Worker is . . .

Related feature: Rescue Mission

Flow of events

Code	User Action	System Response
1	First Aid Worker transmits injury in-	System updates crisis record with the
		sent injury information.
		System requests victim's medical his-
	identity and communicates it to Sys-	tory information from all connected
	tem.	Hospital Resource Systems.
		System notifies First Aid Worker of
	victim's medical history information	medical history of the victim relevant
	to System.	to his injury.
4	-	System instructs First Aid Worker to
		bring the victim to the most appro-
		priate hospital.
5	First Aid Worker notifies System that	
	he has dropped the victim at the hos-	
	pital.	
6	First Aid Worker informs System that	-
	he has completed his mission.	

(MSVCM) Common behavior...

Scenario: Execute Rescue Mission.

Description: The intention of the First Aid Worker is ...

Flow of events:

Code	User Action	System Response
SC07.1	First Aid Worker transmits injury in-	System updates crisis record with the
		sent injury information. @InjuryData
SC07.2	-	System instructs First Aid Worker to
		bring the victim to the most appro-
		priate hospital.
SC07.3	First Aid Worker notifies System that	-
	he is leaving the crisis site.	
SC07.4	First Aid Worker notifies System that	-
	he has dropped off the victim at the	
	hospital.	
SC07.5	First Aid Worker informs System that	-
	he has completed his mission.	

(MSVCM) separated from variant behavior...

 ${\bf Advice:}$ Medical Service advising Execute Rescue Mission.

Description: Transmits injury information of victim to System.

Pointcut: @InjuryData

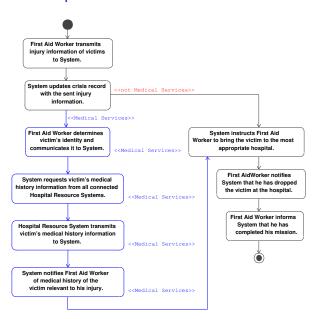
Flow of events:

User Action	System Response
	System requests victim's medical his-
identity and communicates it to Sys-	tory information from all connected
tem.	Hospital Resource Systems.
	System notifies First Aid Worker of
victim's medical history information	medical history of the victim relevant
to System.	to his injury.

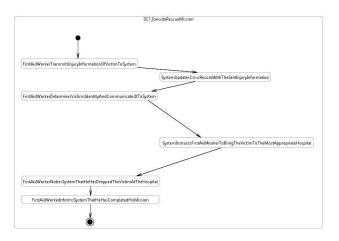
(MSVCM) + an independent configuration knowledge

Expression	Transformations
Car Crash	select scenario SC01, SC03, SC04
Authentication System	select scenario SC10
Rescue Mission	select scenario SC07, SC08
Witness	select scenario SC02
Remove Obstacle Mission	
Medical Services	evaluate advice ADV01
Observe Mission	select scenario SC06

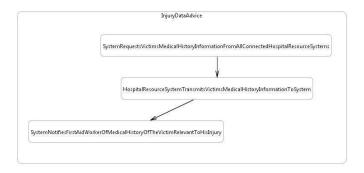
Model Templates



(VML4RE) Base specification...



(VML4RE) separated from variant behavior



(VML4RE) + an independent configuration knowledge

```
variant for MedicalServices {
  connect ('`SC07::ATV01'', '`ADV01::ATV01'');
  connect ('`ADV01::ATV03'', '`SC07::ATV04'');
}
```

Agenda

- Study settings
- Evaluated techniques
- ► Criteria
- Initial results

Modularity

- Feature scattering (Degree of Scattering metric)
- Scenario cohesion (Degree of Focus metric)

Stability

a) Specifications

Number of steps and scenarios that had been changed or introduced in each version of the case study.

b) Configuration

Number of configuration items that had been changed or introduced in each version of the case study.

Stability

c) Composition - VML4RE and MSVCM

Number of composition items that had been changed or introduced in each version of the case study.

```
variant for and (Mission, LOG) {
  connect (LOG, SC6);
  connect (LOG, SC6-FINAL-NODE);
  connect (LOG, SC07);
  connect (LOG, SC7-FINAL-NODE);
  connect (LOG, SC09);
  connect (LOG, SC9-FINAL-NODE);
}
```

Expressiveness

a) Composition

Notion of reachability— the ratio between the number of matched join points and the number of composition items.

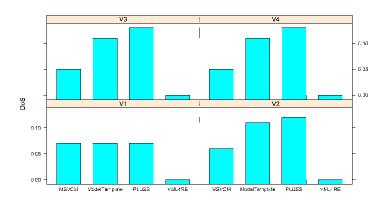
b) Configuration knowledge

Number of tokens required to detail the configuration knowledge.

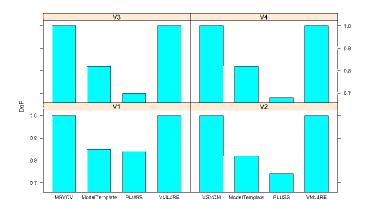
Agenda

- Study settings
- Evaluated techniques
- Criteria
- ► Initial results

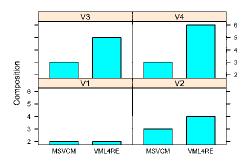
Feature scattering



Scenario cohesion



Stability of the compositions



Expressiviness of the compositions

